# KEGEL-BŁAŻUSIAK Sp. z o. o. ul. Składowa 26 34-400 Nowy Targ



Instructions for use (1804/078)

EN 1149-5:2008	EN ISO 11612:2015 A1 B1 C1 F1	EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 Typ PB[6]	CE	Í
Protection against static electricity	Protection against heat and flame Resistance to: A1 – limited flame spread – surface ignition B1 – convective heat on level 1 C1 – radiant heat on level 1 F1 – contact heat on level 1	Protection against accidental, small splashing of chemicals with low volume pressure, against which a complete liquid penetration barrier (at the molecular level) is not required. Type PB [6] - partial body protection	Clothing meets the essential requirements for personal protective equipment, contained in the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union 2016/425 dated 9 March 2016.	Before using, read the contents of this instructions for use.

#### Intended use

Protective jacket, flame retardant, anti-electrostatic, protecting against hot factors, liquid chemicals and rain - art. 1804/078. Protects the employee against short-term contact with flame, convective, radiant and contact heat also against static electricity that may cause ignition in explosive atmosphere and in case of splash, protects against liquid chemicals (Typ PB [6] - table 1). Clothing meets the essential requirements for personal protective equipment contained in the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the EU Council 2016/425 of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and in the standards: EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 1149-5:2008; EN ISO 11612:2015; EN 13034:2005+A1:2009. Use

#### The Jacket should be used only with additional protecting garments, covering the rest of the user's body, presenting at least the same level of protection. Clothing should always be buttoned during use. Clothing should not be unzipped and/or removed and cleaned in explosive atmospheres. For proper protection against static electricity, the user should be additionally grounded. The electrical resistance between man and earth should be less than $108\Omega$ . In areas where there is a risk of fire and/or explosion, do not store in their pockets items protruding from them that have not been approved for use in this type of hazard. During use, i.e. moving, bending etc. clothing should be completely cover all materials that do not meet the requirements of standard EN 1149-5:2008. Clothing should not be used in oxygen enriched atmosphere. Clothing should be cleaned regularly according to the manufacturer's instructions. Do not allow heavy dirt during use. After cleaning, clothing should be checked. Each time before use, an employee intending to use protective clothing should check whether it has been damaged. If the product inspection reveals that it has missing or damaged components, it must be repaired. Clothing can only be repaired by the manufacturer or specialized facilities. Damaged items of clothing (pleats, flaps, front parts or sleeves) should be replaced. Fabrics and threads as well as missing fasteners (buttons, adhesive tapes) used for repairs should be original, supplied by the clothing manufacturer. Clothing after repair should keep its original shapes and dimensions. ATTENTION: A faulty repair can result in the loss of protective properties of clothing. In the event of damage excluding the replacement of elements with new ones, clothing should be immediately removed from use. Do not allow heavy dirt during use. When using clothing, acid or alkaline sprayed areas should be immediately flushed with a water. If the oxygen content of the air increases, the clothing may not be used without prior approval by a safety engineer.

#### Storage and transport

The clothing should be transport in original packaging (plastic bags), protecting against dirt, mechanical damage and getting wet. Store the clothing in a dry and well-ventilated place, away from heat sources and light points. Do not store the clothing when it is dirty. It is recommended that guarterly review of stored clothing is carried out.

### Warnings:

- Testing the properties of clothing, resulting from the EN ISO 11612:2015; EN Body dimensions to the size of protective clothing 13034:2005+A1:2009; EN 1149-5 (EN 1149-3 standard test method), confirmed after 5 maintenance cycles.
- The increase in oxygen content in the air will reduce the considerable protective properties of the garment against the effects of flame.
- The level of flame protection will be less if clothes are contaminated with flammable substances.
- The personal protection equipment after use is a waste, which the user should properly classify and transfer for disposal in accordance with applicable law.
- In the event of accidental splashing of clothing with chemicals or flammable liquids, the user should immediately withdraw from the workplace and carefully remove clothing so that no part of the user's skin comes into contact with the chemicals.
- Partial body protection Type PB [6] clothing has not been tested according to the complete clothing test (item 5.2 EN 13034:2005 +A1: 2009).
- In order to maintain protection against liquid chemicals, it is recommended to reapply the finish after each maintenance cycle using impregnation agents, ie: Kreussler Hydrob-FC; BurnusHyChem Hydro-Stop; EcoLab Saprit Protect Plus. If a different agent is needed, prior contact with the clothing manufacturer is required.
- No allergenic substances have been found in the materials used to manufacture the clothing; however, if any allergic reactions are noticed, especially in the case of sensitive individuals, such a person should leave the working zone, take off the garment and consult a doctor.
- It is advisable to keep this manual for further reference.

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# EU Declaration of Conformity at: www.kegel.pl/ce

Fabric: Modacrylic 48,5%; Cotton 34%; Polyamide 17%; Antistatic fiber + Membrane: Polyurethane 100% + Lining: Cotton 100% **Composition:** 

Table 1	
Usage requirements	Test results
Abrasion resistance	Class 4
Tear resistance	Class 2
Tensile strength	Class 5
Puncture resistance	Class 2
Repellency to liquids:	
H2SO4 30 %	Class 3
NaOH 10%	Class 3
o-ksylen	Class 2
butan-1-ol (undiluted)	Class 3
Resistance to penetration by liquids:	
H2SO4 30 %	Class 3
NaOH 10%	Class 3
o-ksylen	Class 3
butan-1-ol (undiluted)	Class 3
Seam strength	Class 5

## Maintenance

Do not wash clothing with other clothing. Use the following maintenance procedures.

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Maximum washing temp. 60°C – normal process	Do not bleach	Tumble drying possible – normal temperature	Iron at max. sole-plate temperature of 150°C	Professional dry cleaning in tertachloroethene and all solvent listed for the symbol F, normal process				

In order to properly choose the size of clothing, use the information in the size table. Body measurements should be made at the places marked in the figure below.

# Size table (dimensions are given in centimeters)

